

Edmonton Bulletin.

VOL. XI.

EDMONTON, ALBERTA, SATURDAY, APRIL 19TH, 1890.

No. 25.

TELEGRAPHIC.

OTTAWA, APRIL 18.

Davin and Dewdney had a field day in the house on Monday in which Davin got decidedly the worst of it.

Senator Abbot gives notice of motion to change the name of the Northwest to Western Territories of Canada.

A bill introduced in the senate gives Northwest railways power to enter upon uncultivated lands and make fire breaks.

In retaliation for the recent proposed increase of duties by Canada the States proposes to increase the duty on eggs to five cents a dozen, on potatoes two cents a pound, on hay four dollars a ton and on other farm products in proportion.

The Northwest bill comes up in the senate on Monday. Loughheed and Perley will advocate that the assembly have control of the public funds; that the advisory board shall hold office at the pleasure of the assembly to whom they will be responsible; that the assembly have power to make all necessary ordinances in respect to education, but that such power shall not be exercised until after the next general elections for the assembly.

WINNIPEG, April 12.

Capt. Burbank, who superintended the improvements in Saskatchewan navigation in 1888 dropped dead at Rat Portage on Friday. A farmer named Cameron dropped dead in the woods at Bird's hill on Friday. Henry Martin, laborer, aged 25, was smothered on Friday by the caving in of a drain he was digging from the Northern Pacific round house to the river. Toronto: Alex Marling, Ontario deputy minister of education dropped dead on Friday. Ottawa: C. V. Noel, cashier of the Quebec bank dropped dead in the parliament grounds on Friday. Fred Snow, surveyor, well-known in the Northwest was found dead in bed on Friday. Gobien Gamarche, laborer, dropped dead on Friday.

WINNIPEG, April 18.

Donald McLeod left for Ottawa this evening.

Two hundred settlers and thirteen car loads of stock arrived to-day.

Elizabeth Elliott of New Edinburgh, Ont., swallowed a pen knife with the blade open. She will live.

It is understood that the Ontario, Quebec and Nova Scotia provincial elections will all be held on June 5th.

There is every prospect of a lively season of railway building. There is little doubt that the Hudson's Bay road will be commenced this fall and finished in three years; the Manitoba South Eastern to Duluth will be commenced; C. P. R. and Northern Pacific branches and the Northwest Central will be extended, the Galt line to Montana and the Regina & Long lake to Prince Albert will be completed; and survey parties left Calgary to-day to locate line to Edmonton, which it is asserted will be built to Red Deer this fall and extended to Edmonton next season. A matter of the greatest importance to Edmonton is the recent announcement that the Grand Trunk and Northern Pacific are behind the Northwest Central which road will be pushed vigorously through to the coast.

WINNIPEG, April 19.

Explorer Stanley arrived at Brussels to-day.

Capt. O'Shea has withdrawn his divorce suit against his wife, in which Parnell was named co-respondent.

Three Chinamen who were smuggled into the States were captured by officer, placed on Suspension bridge and ordered back. Two came, but the third not having a certificate or the money to pay the Canadian tax was prevented from coming. He is still on the edge and the two governments are considering the matter.

SASKATOON, April 19.

Very little farming done so far.

Several settlers have already arrived from the East and more are coming.

A cold and disagreeable week closes to-day after a heavy snow fall last night. Ice still in the river.

A railway navy convicted of stealing goods from a Saskatoon settler goes to Prince Albert jail for two months.

Railway operations are being pushed vigorously. Construction trains from Regina are running daily to the end of the track.

The police detachment here is being strengthened and arrangements are being made to keep a couple of men at the end of the railway during the summer.

The tie contractors having completed work in the bush are sending their men and teams to resume grading on the Regina & L. L. railway near here.

The difficulty of crossing the river and bad weather have combined to prevent any work being done on the G. N. W. Central Railway survey from Clarke's Crossing to Battleford up to the present. The surveyors are here waiting; active work will begin as soon as the weather allows.

FORT SASKATCHEWAN, April 19.

The men of G division N. W. M. Police, stationed here gave a banquet to their comrades whose time has expired and who are leaving the force. The usual toasts were drunk and inspiring speeches made by the entertainers and responded to by their guests. A number of good songs were sung and one of the most enjoyable evenings spent. The men who are leaving are: Staff Sgt. Little, Cordoral McLellan, Constables Woolley, Peebles, Mansfield, Robinson, Baker, Conlan and Stafford.

LOCAL.

GARDENING commenced this week.

H. S. YOUNG left for Calgary on Thursday's stage.

DUCKS have been seen frequently this week near town.

P. V. GAUVREAU had fresh radishes fit for use this week.

No passengers on Monday's stage but a large load of express.

E. RAYMER has had a sidewalk built in front of his premises.

THERE is now sufficient bare ground to allow cattle to pick a living.

MEETING of the rod and gun club in Brown & Curry's store last evening.

J. CAMERON of A. Macdonald & Co., will return from Winnipeg on Monday's stage.

THE weather turned very cold on Wednesday and a very small quantity of snow fell.

THE grass shows a very early growth this spring, having started in some places before the snow left.

THE five registry offices of the Northwest cost \$3,313 more than the revenue derived from them last year.

ALTHOUGH the ice of the river appears to be still solid, it is rotting underneath and is becoming unsafe in places.

A. OMAND left on Monday for the Orkneys, Scotland, taking home his two children to be placed with relatives there.

FRASER & Co.'s mill Edmonton, is still grinding. Hutton & Maloney's mill at St. Albert has shut down for the season.

THE Hudson's Bay Company paid out at Edmonton during the month of March about \$7,000 for freight on goods for the northern districts.

A BOARDING school for Indian children will be opened on Monday, April 23rd in connection with the Presbyterian mission on the Stoney Plain reserve.

GRIP of April 5th is an excellent number. The leading cartoon represents the policy of the United States towards Canada, and its necessary failure of success.

SEEDING is reported by the latest papers to have commenced in spots in Manitoba, but this is exceptional and throughout Manitoba and Ontario as well the spring is backward as well as in the Northwest.

THE latest papers confirm the railway reports appearing in last week's telegrams. It is probable, however, that a bonus of the same nature as that granted the Regina & Long lake railway will be granted the Calgary & Edmonton company.

THE Winnipeg Commercial says that in consequence of forest fires in Manitoba and the Territories steps have been taken by the interior department to reduce the royalty on lumber manufactured from timber damaged by fire to half the ordinary dues.

THE Rod and Gun club is petitioning the lieutenant-governor to depute John Brown, president of the club, to appoint game guardians in this district; and the Northwest assembly to amend the game ordinance to permit half the fine imposed for infractions of the law to go to the informer.

THE Lethbridge News, conservative, declares its dissatisfaction with the present partisan government and thinks the time has arrived for the people of the territories to unite for the common good and eschew altogether the politics of the east. The BULLETIN is not as lonesome on this point as it was.

THE present spring is probably the latest on record. The town is clear of snow and the streets are dry, but the surrounding country still wears its winter robe, with only a few bare places here and there. Fortunately there is still plenty of hay and cattle are doing well. Seeding is generally well under way at this date and the river clear of ice.

THE Dominion Illustrated of April 5th contains a winter view of Canadian mounted infantry, two views on the C. P. R. at Red Sucker point, north shore of Lake Superior, two football clubs of Toronto university, the scene of the Benwell murder, with photos of Benwell and Burchell, and photos of James Clarke, master of the Grand orange lodge of Ontario east, and Wm. Smith deputy minister of Marine.

At its last session the Northwest assembly passed a resolution asking that the Northwest act be amended so that the powers of magistrates should not be exercised by police officers. The minister of justice replies that he "does not concur in the assembly's view that the granting of magisterial powers to police officers in the Northwest Territories is wrong in principle and productive of evil in practice."

INSPECTING Superintendent Cotton's report on the new buildings erected for the mounted police last fall at Fort Saskatchewan appearing in the police report for 1889 contains the following: I made a thorough examination and am quite satisfied that the conditions were throughout faithfully adhered to by the contractor. The material used is of good quality and the labor performed in a workmanlike manner. I might here state that as a result of my inspection I am satisfied that the assistant commissioner acted wisely and in the public interest in awarding the contract to Jas. McDonald.

Just how important it is that the Northwest should be represented at Ottawa by friends of the government if its needs are to receive attention may be judged from the course of matters on the Herchmer debate. Davin and Macdowall, half the Northwest contingent and both thick and thin John A. men, demanded an investigation into certain charges made by Davin, and other charges made by the Northwest assembly, against Col. Herchmer, commissioner of police. Sir John said the motion for a commission was wholly inexpedient. That Herchmer was a thoroughly competent officer and had been given the position an account of his great firmness of character. No general dissatisfaction existed. All of which goes to show that the fact of a member supporting the government is no proof of his controlling it.

THE mounted police report for 1889 has been received. The report of Supt. Griesback dated Dec. 1st, 1889, mentions that no serious crimes have been committed in the district during the year. The headquarters of the division is at Fort Saskatchewan, with outposts at Edmonton, Victoria, Peace Hills, Red Deer and St. Albert. A patrol was sent to Lac la Biche to investigate a report that intoxicants were being manufactured there. The report was found to be without foundation. The discipline and conduct of the division has been fair. Number of entries in the defaulters' book 55. Total amount of fines imposed \$242.20. Four men were punished by imprisonment. The average height of the men of the division is 5 feet 8 inches, and chest measurement 37 1/2 inches. No recruits were taken on during the year and seven were re-engaged. At date of the report the hospital was empty and there was a clean bill of health all around. No desertions are reported. \$3,880 was deposited in the savings bank by the division during the year. New stables are required at Fort Saskatchewan. Wood costs \$1.49 to \$1.60 per cord at Fort Saskatchewan and coal \$2.70 a ton at Edmonton. A ferry at Victoria is recommended. The report recommends "That parties applying for permits should be more particularly verified, as there is no doubt that many permits are granted in the names of people who have never applied for them, and whose names are used without their knowledge by parties who thus obtain liquor which is used for traffic. Another reason is that there are always those to be found who are ready at any time to lend their names to saloon keepers, who will use them in the same manner and for the same purpose."

Owing to the dry season last year the press drill is said to be all the rage amongst the farmers of Manitoba this spring. Bye and bye there will come a series of seasons in which their press drills will mire out of sight.

THE C. P. R. will construct 28 miles of railway in British Columbia this year to connect the Toad Mountain mines in the west Kootenay district with the Columbia river at Sproat's landing, from which point there is good steamboat connection with Revelstoke on the C. P. R. Possibly the present 28 mile link will become part of a line through the Crow's Nest Pass. The Shuswap & Okanagan railway will also almost certainly be built this summer and be operated by the C. P. R.

The Free Press of April 8th mentions the arrival of Senator Boulton from the east with a car load of horses for his farm at Shell Mouth. Considering that parliament is sitting and that Senator Boulton is paid to attend its sittings the major is entitled to a medal for nerve if for nothing else.

J. S. Holt told the Free Press that the Regina & Long lake railway would be opened for traffic to Prince Albert about October 1st.

The sixth Manitoba colonist party left Toronto with between 500 and 600 passengers for Manitoba and the Territories on board.

Edinburgh, Scotland, has given £500 to the restoration of Toronto University in memory of Hon. Geo. Brown.

Bremner is likely to receive \$4,500 from the government for the furs taken from him by General Middleton.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE.

A meeting will be held in Smith & Peacock's saloon on Wednesday 23rd April to consider the advisability of improving Edmonton race track. All interested are requested to attend.

EDMONTON CURLING CLUB NOTICE.

All accounts against the above club must be presented to the secretary before Thursday, 1st May, 1890, as the financial year closes on that date.

C. D. T. BECHER, Secretary.

ATTENTION.

R. Duplessis has opened a Carriage, Painting and Ornamental shop. Job work promptly attended to.

R. DUPLESSIS,

Victoria Avenue, near registry office.

NOTICE.

EDMONTON CURLING CLUB.

The annual meeting of the above club for the election of officers for the new year will be held in Donald Ross' hall on Friday evening, 2nd May, at 7:30 o'clock. The prizes won during the past season will be presented at the same time and place.

C. D. T. BECHER,

Secretary-Treasurer.

FOR SALE.

Several thousand feet of rough and dressed lumber, plank, flooring, shingles, etc., cheap for cash.

JOHNSTONE & PETRIE,

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EDMONTON MEAT MARKET

Is the place to buy
Fresh Beef & Pork
Mutton, Sausage,
Poultry
Flour and Feed.
Country Produce bought and sold.

ROBT. McKERNAN.

PEOPLE'S MEAT MARKET.

WILSON & NORRIS.

The best the country affords in Beef, Pork, Mutton, Fowl, Fish and Game in its season.

MAIN STREET, EDMONTON.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH SERVICES.

STURGEON RIVER—April 20th, May 18th and June 15th, at 3 p. m. CLOVER BAR—May 4th and June 1st, at 3 p. m. FORT SASKATCHEWAN AND BELMONT—April 17th, May 11th, May 25th, June 8th and June 22nd, at 10:45 a. m. respectively. EDMONTON—11 a. m. and 7 p. m. No morning service in Edmonton on Fort Saskatchewan days of service.

THE EDMONTON BULLETIN is published every Saturday morning, at the office, Main street, Edmonton. Subscription—Two Dollars per annum. Advertising rates—Standing advertisements, two dollars a line per annum; transient advertisements, ten cents a line for first insertion and five cents a line for each subsequent insertion. FRANK OLIVER, proprietor.

EDMONTON BULLETIN, APRIL 19, 1890.

HEALTH.

The following statement regarding the health of this district has been furnished jointly by Drs. Wilson and McInnis who have practiced here for eight and four years respectively:

Regarding Consumption, we have never seen a case in which the disease had been contracted in this district. We have seen several cases which, in the very early stages, were sent here by their medical advisers in the east who are now enjoying the best of health, and every sign of the disease has vanished.

Concerning Bronchitis and Asthma: We are not subject to bronchitis to the same extent as in the eastern provinces. Naturally we have it following a severe cold, but it never lasts long and is never as severe as in the east. Even severe cases sent here from the east become entirely well after a few months.

Many cases of persons affected with Asthma could be cited, every one of whom has either been cured or greatly benefited by residence here.

Pneumonia or inflammation of the lungs, which in the east is very prevalent, is here almost unknown. In 8 years we have had only one case.

Although this district was last winter afflicted with a severe epidemic of La Grippe there was not a single case of lung complications resulting, nor was there a death among the white population. This is noteworthy considering the number of deaths following La Grippe in Eastern Canada.

Compare these facts with the mortuary statistics of Eastern Canada, of which Toronto is perhaps the healthiest city, the death rate there per thousand of population being lower than in Montreal, Quebec, Hamilton or London. In 1889 573 deaths occurred in Toronto from diseases of the lungs, which is over 20 per cent, of the total deaths for that year.

Rheumatic fever is almost unknown in this climate. It is seven years since we have recorded a case of this disease.

Diarrhoea, dysentery and other affections of the bowels are of very rare occurrence. Not a single death has ever occurred from these diseases during our sojourn here, and we have never heard of a death from these causes before that time. These remarks apply to infants and children as well as to adults. In Toronto eight per cent of all deaths are due to these affections, and in Winnipeg 16 per cent. In Winnipeg and Ottawa the deaths from these diseases stand first in number in the returns, in Montreal second and in London, Quebec and Toronto third. No better climate for children than that of Northern Alberta is to be found in America.

Typhoid and similar fevers are not prevalent. In Winnipeg five per cent of all deaths result from typhoid fever. We have had some few cases of low fever, but none since 1885, and but one death from this cause.

Malarial fever or fever and ague is unknown, and owing to the climatic conditions the miasm or poison cannot be developed.

The atmosphere is clear, pure and aseptic. In summer warm pleasant days and cool refreshing nights give the tired farmer or man of business an opportunity to recuperate, and gain fresh energy and strength for the morrow's work. The fact of the days being so warm and nights so cool during summer is one of the causes producing our wonderful and prolific crops, but does not come within the scope of the present article. The winters are somewhat colder than in Eastern Canada but are not so severe or trying to the system, especially to those with what is commonly called weak lungs. We have no blizzards as in the northern States; in short our winters are very pleasant and likewise conduce to health and longevity.

WEATHER.

ALEX. TAYLOR, government telegraph operator and meteorological observer furnishes the following information compiled from the records of the observatory.

The subject of irrigation which is of great and growing importance in the Western States and has been discussed to some extent in the southern part of our own Northwest, is one which will never become a live topic in Northern Alberta. Until last season we have always had an abundance of moisture. This is amply borne out by the old dairies of the Hudson Bay Company and the records at the Edmonton observatory of the government signal service, which latter covers a period of ten years. The average rainfall from the 1st of April until the 1st of October during the past ten years has been 10.25 inches divided as follows: 1880, 11.73, 1881, 16.12, 1882, 8.85, 1883, 12.12, 1884, 14.19, 1885, 10.30, 1886, 8.53, 1887, 10.63, 1888, 14.61, 1889, 6.46. The rainfall of 1889 came after the harvest. The snowfall averages over 18 inches every winter. The average temperature in quarters is spring 52.30, summer 57.10, autumn 30.3, winter 11.90 or the year 37.83 which is nearly the same as Ottawa but there are two or three more hours of sunshine than that place enjoys. The lowest recorded temperature was 60° below on 7th January, 1890 and the highest 91° above on July 15th, 1889. There were the only dates however on which such extremes were experienced. The summer temperature seldom goes over 85° while in winter 40° below is uncommon, last winter the lowest being 38° and the winter before 28°. Calm weather without a suspicion of wind always accompanies low temperature while in summer the hottest day is followed by a cool night. The highest wind recorded at the observatory was 52 miles an hour in December 1879, over ten years ago. A twenty five mile breeze is experienced so seldom that it is remarked upon by the public. Wild ducks, geese and swans appear about the end of March and beginning of April and leave in October. The first frost usually comes about September 7th after which none is to be expected until after the 22nd. After May 1st a frost rarely visits the district unless the situation is low and moist. Snow leaves about the end of March and as evaporation is very rapid farming operations are not delayed waiting for the ground to dry. The latitude of Edmonton is about 2700 feet above sea level.

The MacLeod Gazette objects to a comparison recently drawn by the BULLETIN between the wheat raising capabilities of Northern and Southern Alberta, and says: "The editor of the BULLETIN must necessarily write from hearsay." That is just where the Gazette is off. The BULLETIN derived its impressions of Southern Alberta from observation, not from hearsay. Will the Gazette explain how it is, if southern Alberta is as good a county for wheat as Northern Alberta, that although it has very many more white settlers and very much more capital there is not a grist mill throughout its whole extent, while there have been grist mills at Edmonton since the BULLETIN does not know when and there are two steam mills within nine miles of each other now. Will the Gazette explain the following item from its next door neighbor the Lethbridge News. "Car of seed grain to arrive in a few days at J. D. Sibbald & Co's." With all due deference to the Gazette, this country has suffered too much in the past from misrepresentations claiming for the ranching country of the south the qualities which only belong to the farming country of the north. The very qualities which fit the southern country for ranching to the same extent tend to unfit it for farming.

The Calgary Herald is not as much of a toady as it used to be. It wants a square deal all around on the Bremner fur steal. It notes that Hayter Reed of the I. D. returned his share of the plunder. The Herald says that the pool table said to have been taken from Batoche by S. L. Bedson is now in the Sanitarium, Banff.

A joint stock company is being formed for the publication of the Regina Journal. The paper will be enlarged and improved about July 1st.

W. FIELDERS

HAS

NOW ON HAND

SEED Oats, Wheat and Barley for sale.

New Superior Shoe Press Drills,

Stubble Ploughs 12 and 14 inch,

Breakers, and Brush Breakers,

Spring Tooth Harrows, Corben Disc Harrows, Gillis Harrows 4 section 60 teeth, Champion Harrows 4 sections 60 teeth,

Garden Tools,

Buckboards,

Steel Skein Wagons,

Cast Skein Wagons.

Buggies,

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CHEAP GOODS. BARGAINS.

For Boots and Shoes of all kinds.
For Overshoes all sizes,
For Heavy Gum Boots,
For German and Duffle Sox,
For Moccasins,
For Mitts and gloves,
For Fur Caps,
For Shirts and Drawers,
For Men's Heavy Overcoats,
For Men's Fine Dress Overcoats,
For Boys' Overcoats,
For Men's Suits,
For Boys' Suits,
For Men's Pants,
For Overalls and Jumpers,
For Blankets and Comforters,
For Flannels and Tweeds,
For Winceys and Dress Goods
For Shawls, Hoods, etc.,
For Groceries of all kinds,
For Good Goods and Good Values,
For Goods that were never sold so cheap before,

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Keeps a full line of
Watches, Clocks,
Jewelry and Silver-
ware, Gem Rings,
Wedding Rings.

All kinds of Stationery and School Books.

Pipes, Tobacco Pouches, Violins and

Accordeons, in short almost

Everything.

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A full line of Spectacles always on Hand.

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CHEMISTS AND DRUGGISTS,

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GENERAL STORE

BOOTS, SHOES AND RUBBERS,

AT LARUE & PICARD.

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THE HUDSON'S BAY COMPANY.

EDMONTON,

SPRING OF 1890. — SPRING OF 1890

NEW GOODS

NOW ON THE WAY.

A large and substantial stock of Dry Goods, Crockery, Boots and Shoes, House Furnishings, Groceries and Provisions. The stock is of the most reliable character and bought at prices that will defy competition.

DRESS GOODS: A lot of fashionable Dark Striped Dress Goods; plain and striped Grey Belges; a large quantity of Fancy Dress Tweeds and Beatrice Serges; a manufacturer's stock of Saxony Dress Tweeds; a range of new Amazon Dress Cloths; Snow Flake Dress Tweeds; Colored Meltons and Fancy bordered Dresses; Black British Cashmeres; Velveteens; Silks, Satins, Lining, Trimmings, etc., to match.

MILLINERY: trimmed and untrimmed, Boys' and Girls' Sailor Hats; Ladies and Misses' Jackets, Jerseys, Waterproofs, Shawls, Corsets, Hosiery and Underwear.

BOYS', YOUTHS', AND MENS' READY MADE CLOTHING in Norfolk, Spanish, Ajax, Sailor, Blouse and Military styles. Brown and Blue Overalls; Shirts; hard and soft felt Hats; Cowboy Hats. Ties, Scarfs, Collars Braces, etc., etc.

CARPETS, in Brussels, Tapestry, Jute, Hemp, Cocoa Matting, Linoleum floor cloths 2 to 6 feet wide. Opaque Window Blinds and Spring Rollers, Window Awnings and Tents, etc.

1,500 pairs Mens', Womens', Youths', Misses' and Childrens' BOOTS AND SHOES, all sizes and prices.

CROCKERY: Dinner Sets, Tea Sets, Bedroom Toilet Sets, Jugs, Mugs, Tumblers, etc., etc.

Intending purchasers will find it greatly to their advantage to call and inspect our large and well selected stock before purchasing elsewhere. Customers will find every opportunity afforded them in Making a careful inspection of the goods; all of which are marked in plain figures.

Due notice of arrival will be given.

HUDSON'S BAY COMPANY,
EDMONTON.

JUST ARRIVED.

A
LARGE

AND

WELL ASSORTED STOCK OF

GENTS' HATS.

A. MACDONALD & CO.

N. B. — Ladies requiring
WINDOW SHADES,
For their homes will find it to their advantage to
CALL AND GET PRICES.

FACTS FOR SETTLERS.

HUGH MCKAY, of Belmont left Helmsdale in the North of Scotland, in 1873 for Renfrew, County Ontario, and engaged in farming. Came to Edmonton in 1881 with a total capital of \$60. Now has 320 acres of land within two miles of Edmonton, 45 acres under cultivation, house and outbuildings, 8 horses, 9 milking cows and 14 young cattle, and 20 sheep. Believes the Edmonton district is second to none in Canada for mixed farming, and advises men looking for homes to come to Edmonton before taking land elsewhere.

A. F. DEGAGNE, of Edmonton, milled in Manitoba from 1876 to 1884 in the H. B. Co. mills at Winnipeg and West Lynne and in the late Jas. McKay's mill at St. Anne, on the Northwest Angle road. He ran the H. B. Co. mill at Edmonton in 1884 and 1885. No. 1 Edmonton wheat is fully equal to No. 1 Manitoba, but a greater proportion of second class grain was offered at Edmonton owing to poor farming. Since 1885 the average quality of Edmonton wheat has improved. No. 1 Edmonton wheat weighs over 60 pounds to the bushel and he has seen it weigh 64 pounds.

JOHN NORRIS, SR., of the firm of Norris & Carey, merchants, Edmonton, came from Scotland in 1856 in the service of the Hudson's Bay Company, and has been engaged in cattle raising more or less ever since. From 1876 to 1878 wintered a band of several hundred head of cattle on the range near Ghost river, west of Calgary, one of the best ranges in Southern Alberta. His experience led him to believe that cattle raising was more profitable in the Edmonton district than at Bow river. He now has 200 head on a stock farm near Edmonton. What is gained by not putting up hay in the south is lost by the almost certain loss of all calves which come before spring is well advanced in every season, with the certainty of heavy losses of full grown cattle in severe seasons. What is spent in Edmonton on hay is made on the more rapid increase, consequent on there being no losses. Three tons of hay per head is sufficient and this can be put up by contract for \$2 to \$2.50 a ton, but a man employing his own labor and teams need not be at a cost of more than \$1 a ton. Men whose capital will only start them with a herd of from 100 to 500 head can do much better at Edmonton than in the south.

A. HUTCHINGS of Poplar lake, came from the village of Newboro, County of Leeds, Ontario, to the Edmonton district in the fall of 1875, and was engaged in trading until the spring of 1880. Then took up his present farm, about six miles north of Edmonton. Now has 420 acres of land with house and outbuildings, 40 acres under cultivation, 40 horned cattle, 6 horses, self-binder, mower and rake, wagon, plows, harrows and all other necessary farm machinery. Has raised a crop every year since 1880 and never had a failure of oats or barley. Had two partial failures of wheat in ten years. Last season had over 40 bushels of wheat to the acre. His wheat has averaged 30 bushels to the acre eight years out of the ten. Has made butter and raised cattle extensively ever since starting farming. Considers this region for superior for dairying and stock raising to his native place in Ontario. There is a longer milking season, a larger flow of milk and it is richer in butter. There is plenty of green grass as a rule from the 15th of May to the 1st of November. The ground is bare from the 15th of April. Hay is abundant and can be put in the stack by contract at \$2.50 a ton. Cattle raising is doubly as profitable here as in Ontario. Killed 2 1/2 year old steers in September of last year, an exceptionally dry season, which dressed 650 pounds.

H. S. YOUNG of the H. B. Co., Edmonton, was in charge of the H. B. Co. post at Lac la Biche from 1883 to 1887. Lac la Biche is nearly 150 miles northeast of Edmonton and empties into the Athabasca. Had a good garden every year, raising all the hardy vegetables in perfection and cucumbers, pumpkins and corn as well, the latter for use green. The half breeds of Lac la Biche of whom there are about 100 families, have grown wheat, barley and potatoes ever since the settlement was first established there and have never suffered injury from frost. This is due to the influence of the lake, all cultivation being close to the shore. The surrounding country is timbered and swampy and consequently frosty. Bishop Faraud of the Roman Catholic mission at Lac la Biche raised tobacco every year he resided there and it grew luxuriantly.

Mr. Young was in charge of Lesser Slave lake H. B. post from 1872 to 1883. Slave lake is about 175 miles northwest of Edmonton and is north of Athabasca river. Had a good garden there every year and grew potatoes, turnips, carrots, cabbage, cauliflower and sometimes green corn. The half breed settlers raised potatoes and barley, but were not as successful with wheat as at Lac la Biche. The surrounding country is timbered, swampy, hilly and frosty. The Hudson's Bay and the settlers have large numbers of horses which winter out, and do

exceedingly well. Cattle do exceedingly well also but are fed in winter. Mr. Young has read, however, in the journals of the post that many years ago large bands of cattle were kept there. The animals were never fed after reaching the age of two years and ranged the woods as wild as moose. A single winter of excessively deep snow killed off all the cattle and horses, some forty or more years ago, and since then preparations had always been made to feed hay to the cattle, although they did not always require it. In the winter of 1879-80 the Hudson's Bay Company and settlers had over 500 horses at Slave lake. A disease got amongst them which killed more than half while fat. Since that time nothing has occurred to injure the horses.

D. R. FRASER, of Fraser & Co., has milled at Edmonton since 1881 and has ground good wheat every year. The proportion of good wheat in the quantity offered at the mill has steadily increased, as methods of farming have improved. Of the crop of 1889 offered at the mill two thirds was No. 1. A great deal of it was equal to the best the world affords. The remainder was good grain but was kept down in grade by smut and some frost. Some farmers have good grain almost every year while others as invariably have poor grain, but on the whole the quality has greatly improved and there is less smut and less frost than in former years.

M. MCKINLAY of Sturgeon settlement, Edmonton, was raised at Strathalban, P. E. Island. Came to Edmonton in 1883 and settled on a farm of 320 acres of clear prairie. The quality of the soil is unsurpassed and it is close to timber and coal. The climate is favorable for grain and root crops and the yield per acre in wheat, barley, oats and potatoes exceeds that of the most carefully tilled soil on the island. In 1888 Daniel McKinlay, (brother of Malcolm) raised 1,100 bushels of oats from 12 acres. Cattle raising is very profitable on account of the great growth of wild grass for summer pasturage. Has cut a winter supply of hay from the same ground over which the cattle grazed during the summer. Sowing commences generally in the early part of April; the weather is clear and dry until June which is termed the rainy season, when vegetation makes a rapid growth. Harvesting commences in August and the ground freezes in November. The first sleighing may be looked for about Christmas. The winter season is more pleasant than that of the Island on account of its dryness and serenity.

JOHN SHARPLES.

WHOLESALE.

FLOUR,
FEED,
GROCERIES,
PROVISIONS.

FURS BOUGHT.
OPPOSITE THE POSTOFFICE.
CALGARY, ALBERTA.

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED.

C. F. STRANG,

ACCOUNTANT, FIRE, LIFE, AND ACCIDENT INSURANCE AND GENERAL AGENT.

Representing the Citizens, Royal Canadian, Commercial Union, Quebec, and Glasgow & London Fire, the London & Lancashire Life and the London Guarantee & Accident Insurance Companies.

Registrar—Births, Marriages and Deaths.
Agent for Moore & Macdowall—LUMBER.

OFFICE—Lafferty & Moore's Bank, Main Street, Edmonton.

ROYAL MAIL AND STAGE LINE
making weekly trips between Calgary and Edmonton. Leaves Calgary every Thursday morning, making close connection with the train which leaves Winnipeg on the preceding Monday morning, and arrives at Edmonton on the following Monday evening. Leaves Edmonton on Thursday morning and arrives at Calgary on the following Monday. Passage \$25; 50 lbs. baggage free. Express matter addressed in care of the undersigned will be forwarded without delay, and the advance charges paid by us. Rates, 10 cts. a pound from Calgary. **LEESON & SCOTT** mail contractors, Calgary.

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

At South Side 2 1/2 miles from Edmonton, a desirable Farm and House, for several years occupied by Mr. Thos. Anderson Crown Timber Agent. There are excellent and extensive stables, granary, shed and corrals also two never failing wells of water. For further particulars apply to

THOS. ANDERSON.
Edmonton.

ARRIVAL OF SPRING GOODS.

AT EDMONTON'S CHEAPEST STORE.

MILLINERY!!! - MILLINERY!!!

Splendid assortment of trimmed and untrimmed Hats and Bonnets. Magnificent range of Flowers, Plumes, Feathers and Hat Trimmings of all kinds. Parasols, Umbrellas, etc., all of the latest fashions, and at most moderate prices.

READY - MADE CLOTHING AND FELT HATS.

In Men's and Boy's Clothing will be found a splendid assortment, without doubt best values in town. Also in Soft and Stiff Felt Hats the stock is very large and prices away down.

MUSLINS, PRINTS AND DRESS GOODS TO FOLLOW IMMEDIATELY.

W. JOHNSTONE WALKER,

DIRECT IMPORTER OF ENGLISH GOODS.

STRONG BAKERS' AND XXXI FLOUR.

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES,

BOOTS AND SHOES, ETC.,

AT BROWN & CURRY

HEADQUARTERS FOR GROCERIES.

NORRIS & CAREY,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN GROCERIES

WE CLAIM TO HAVE THE CHEAPEST, LARGEST AND MOST COMPLETE

STOCK OF GROCERIES EVER BROUGHT INTO THE NORTHWEST.

NO SPECIAL CUT ON ANY ONE ARTICLE BUT REDUCED PRICES

ALL ROUND.

ALL ORDERS THROUGH TOWN PROMPTLY DELIVERED.

HIGHEST PRICES IN CASH PAID FOR FURS.

NORRIS & CAREY,

ST. ALBERT ROAD.

THAT OLD MAN

is at home again, ready to attend to the wants of his old customers, and all new ones who may favor him with their orders. Sash, doors, frames, on hand or made at shortest notice. Plans, specifications, and estimates, of all kinds of buildings, houses, barns, mills, machinery, bridges, etc., executed in good style and with despatch, saw-filing, repairing and general jobbing done. Prices and terms to suit the times.

J. KNOWLES,
racer Avenue, Edmonton.

T. B. HENDERSON,

TAILOR AND PHOTOGRAPHER.

Orders in both branches executed in first-class style. Charges moderate. Shop and gallery, first building north of post office.



F. & JONES,
Beaver Lake,
HARD—Same as out.
VEST—Bar through brand.
P. O. Address Fort Mac
batchewan, Alberta, S.W.

SOUTH AFRICA.

JOSEPH HOGARTH, a former resident of Edmonton writes from Johannesburg, in the Transvaal republic, South Africa, to J. Knowles of Fraser Avenue, under date of February 22nd. The letter says: "Since I came to Johannesburg the times have steadily declined, and the boom which ten months ago was fast waning is now quite gone, and I fully expect that there are hard times in the near future. This condition is not owing to the lack of wealth in the country itself, but to the reckless and fraudulent speculation of dishonest men, who have launched scores and scores of companies upon worthless properties. This naturally destroys the confidence of the London capitalists, who have already invested a large number of millions of pounds in these fields. Another drawback is the distance of the railways. Like Edmonton, every pound of stuff is brought here by oxen and mules, and freights range from 2 cts. a pound at the present time up to 5 cts. which was the rate during the threatened famine last December and November. We have no navigable river in the Transvaal and consequently the railway is the only salvation for Johannesburg. The Dutch Boers, who look upon the inflowing 'uitlander' (outsider) as they call all foreigners with considerable jealousy have hitherto opposed railway building with all their might. But the pressure is too strong, especially as the falling revenue from the gold industry will carry conviction where simple logic failed. There is always something enlivening in Johannesburg. First it was the famine or rather threatened famine, caused by the long delayed rains, and second it is the fever, which is now beginning to abate. It is malarial fever principally, though there is typhoid as well. The bad water and the unsanitary condition of the town are counted as the chief causes. The middle of the summer is now over and I am astonished to say that the heat has not been oppressive. I can hardly believe my own feelings when I look at the map and see that I am only a couple of hundred miles from the tropics. The country is certainly indebted to its high altitude for its moderate climate. It is 7,000 feet above the level of the sea. The greatest torment here is the flea, who has this season so energetically pursued his midnight rambles and frolics as to earn the distinction of having a couple of columns of a leading article in the chief daily devoted to his praise. Transvaal fruit is almost a fraud. It is hard, sour and small compared with that of other countries. There are oranges, peaches, apricots, apples, pears, grapes, pomegranates, watermelons, squashes, etc. The tomato is the only one that looks natural and inviting."

BIRTH.

FULTON—On Friday, April 18th the wife of D. S. Fulton, East Edmonton, of a daughter.

METEOROLOGICAL.

Weather report for week ending Saturday morning, April 19th, 1890. Reported for the BULLETIN by Mr. Alexander Taylor, observer at Edmonton.

	Max.	Min.
Saturday,	32	
Sunday,	39	14
Monday,	50	22
Tuesday,	55	34
Wednesday,	30	30
Thursday,	12	3
Friday,	23	2
Saturday,		7

Barometer rising, 27.790.

1890 SUBSCRIBE FOR THE

WEEKLY EMPIRE.

CANADA'S LEADING NEWSPAPER.

PATRIOTIC IN TONE

TRUE TO CANADA

TRUE TO THE EMPIRE.

The Empire is now the great weekly paper of the Dominion, and special arrangements are being made to add new and attractive features, which will greatly increase its interest and value.

The Empire is clubbed with the BULLETIN at \$2.75 per year.

LOST.

On Thursday April 3rd near town on Athabasca trail, an axe with handle. Finder is requested to return to

J. R. BRENTON.

RAILWAY COMMUNICATION

FOR

NORTHERN - ALBERTA.

At last this portion of the Territories will have an opportunity of making itself known to the outside world. With the building this summer of at least 100 miles from Calgary north, of the Calgary & Edmonton Railway and also of the Northwest Central Railway, from Saskatoon to Battleford to the east of us, and we trust the completion of both before the month of December 1891.

NORTHERN ALBERTA.

Cannot help becoming the most important, populous, and wealthy portion of the Northwest Territories. We want nothing but railway communication to bring us many thousands of settlers, to assist in developing nature, which has been most bountiful to us, in coal, gold, coal oil, and other minerals timber, and best of soil. Our soil has raised, and can raise crops of all kinds, second to none in any other portion of the world.

It is said that the Canadian Pacific Railway syndicate (Said syndicate is composed of hard, clear headed business men, of great experience) have rejected the land nearly all along their present route, to the south of us, and after sending their most experienced land examiner to all portions of the Northwest Territories finally decided that Northern Alberta had the best and most natural advantages, and hence have selected some millions of acres here. Can intending settlers want more convincing proof than this, of what Northern Alberta is like?

\$1,000,000. Is spent yearly by the Argentine Republic, for encouraging immigration to its shores.

\$150,000 to \$200,000, only. Is spent by the Dominion of Canada, for the same purpose.

Compare the result. While the former received some 250,000 emigrants in 1889. Our whole Dominion only received 35 to 40,000 in 1889. Is there any reason to suppose that the Argentine Republic is a better country for emigrants to go to than Canada? None whatever, except that their government pursues an active and our Dominion government a passive immigration encouragement policy. It is the duty of every individual to act as an immigration agent, no matter on how small a scale. Let each settler in Northern Alberta do his best to induce if it is only one more settler to come and live amongst us.

Let our Territorial government take up and push with all the vigor they possibly can this immigration question, it is of vital importance, not only to the Northwest Territories, (with our hundreds of millions of vacant land,) but also to the whole Dominion. We want no annexation or Imperial Federation. Canada must become a nation itself, and encourage immigration.

We want hundreds of farmers and their families to settle about

FORT SASKATCHEWAN

Where my spring and summer stock is now opened, and will be found to contain a good assortment of

Groceries and Canned Goods.
Flour, Hams and Bacon,
Patent Medicines.
Dry goods, Prints and Dress Goods.
Ready Made Clothing, Hats and Caps.
Boots and Shoes.
Hardware and Tinware.
Wagons, Carts and Harness.

I also have for sale or Exchange,
ONE STALLION, the get of a thoroughbred Clydesdale. Several Indian ponies.

F. FRASER TIMS,
Fort Saskatchewan, 19th April, 1890.



Shrubs, Vines, Bulbs and Roses

At Wholesale Prices to Retail Buyers. My Catalogue will be sent Free to all who apply. Address, mentioning this paper:—

THOS. H. LOCK, BOX 346,
WINNIPEG, — — MANITOBA

COWS FOR SALE.

The undersigned offers for sale at his farm, three miles west of town on road to Stony Plain a number of first class milking and stock cows. Also six native horses. Terms cash.

H. GOODRIDGE.

BUSINESS.

GEO. P. SANDERSON,

GENERAL BLACKSMITH.

HORSESHOEING A SPECIALTY.

Shop in rear of A. Macdonald & Co.'s store

NEW BLACKSMITH SHOP.—Near Norris & Carey's store, Edmonton. Horse-shoeing and General Jobbing. Terms cash. EDMUND LYONS.

A. F. DEGAGNE, Carpenter and Contractor. Plans and Specifications furnished. Mill-wright work a specialty. Doors and Sash on hand.
Victoria Avenue, next Registry Office, Edmonton, Alberta.

JAS. McDONALD, Builder and Contractor. Sash and Doors on hand and made to order. Plans and estimates of buildings furnished. Office and shop at junction of Jasper avenue and Main street. P. O. Box, 107. JAS. McDONALD.

W. D. JARVIS, Real Estate and General Agent. Lists kept and published of Town Lots and Farms For Sale. Fire and Life Insurance Agent. Correspondence Solicited. OFFICE—Next door west of P. Daly's Drug Store, Main street, Edmonton, Alberta, N. W. T.

J. WALTER, Carriage Maker and Boat Builder, Ft. Edmonton ferry landing, south side.

Just arrived a large stock of Hickory and Oak plank and boards, all sizes. Wagon Tongues, Buggy Tongues, Buggy Shafts, Buggy and Wagon Spokes, Fellos and Wheels, Whiffle Trees and Neck Yokes, Seat Springs, etc.
Four new boats, medium size, now on hand.

LUMBER.

MOORE & MACDOWALL, (Limited), will sell lumber at Edmonton at the following rates:

Rough lumber per M \$20. Stock boards M \$25
Dimensions:
Up to 16 feet \$20; for each additional ft \$1.00
Plank, rough, \$20; dressed on 1 side 30.00
Dressed on both sides 35.00
Flooring per M \$40, Siding per M \$40
Rough Battens per M \$25.
Fence Pickets, rough, per b'dle. 3.00
Dressed and pointed 4.00
Shingles, per M \$4.00. Lath per b'dle 7.00
Base " " \$40.00. Panel per M \$35.00
Shelving 1x10 per M dressed 2 sides. 32.50
Inch lumber dressed 1 side per M. 30.00
Wainscoting 1x3 dressed 1 side and beaded, per M. 40.00
Beading per lineal ft 1c. Band moulding 2 1/2c
5 casing per lineal ft 2c O. G. crown " " 2 1/2c
Quarter round " " 1c
Sills 6x6 per lineal ft. Spruce 8c Tamarac 10c
" 8x8 " " " 10c " 12c
" 10x10 " " " 12c " 14c
On bills of \$300 and upwards 10 per cent. off or cash within thirty days.
Special rates for points down the river.
C. F. STRANG, Agent.

LUMBER.

FRASER & CO.
Have on hand a Large Stock of

DRY LUMBER,

Which they will sell at the following rates:
Rough Lumber, per M. \$20.00
Stock Boards, per M. 25.00
Dimensions:
Up to 16 feet, per M. 20.00
Each additional foot, \$1.00
Plank, rough, 20.00
" dressed on 1 side \$30; 2 sides 35.00
Rough Battens, per M. 25.00
Fence Pickets, rough, per bundle. 3.00
" dressed and pointed. 4.00
Shelving, 1x10, dressed on 2 sides 32.50
Inch Lumber, dressed on one side 30.00
Wainscoting, 1x3, dressed on one side and beaded, per M. 40.00
Lath, per b'dle. \$7. Shingles, per M. 4.00
Panel, per M. 35. Base, per M. 40.00
Flooring, per M. 40. Siding, per M. 40.00
5 casing p. lineal ft. 2c. O. G. crown. 2 1/2c
Quarter round 1c
Beading, per lineal foot. 1c
Band Moulding, per lineal foot. 2 1/2c
Sills 6x6 per lineal ft. Spruce 8c Tamarac 10c
" 8x8 " " " 10c " 12c
" 10x10 " " " 12c " 14c
On bills of \$300 and upwards 10 per cent. off for cash within thirty days.
Also Barley Flour, Chopped Oats, Chopped Barley and Shorts.
FRASER & CO.

FOR SALE.

100 bushels of lime, apply to
A. E. JOHNSTONE.

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LAFFERTY & MOORE, Successors to Lafferty & Smith, BANKERS AND FINANCIAL AGENTS. BRANCHES CALGARY, REGINA, MOOSOMIN, EDMONTON, AND LETHBRIDGE. C. F. STRANG, Manager, Edmonton.

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JASPER HOUSE, north side of Main street. The only brick hotel in Edmonton. First-class weekly and daily board at reasonable rates. Good stabling in connection. J. GOODRIDGE, Proprietor.

HOTEL DU CANADA, Edmonton, south side of Main street. First class weekly and daily board at reasonable rates. Meals at all hours. Good feed stable in connection. X. ST. JEAN, Proprietor.

WINDSOR HOTEL, REGINA. The leading hotel in the Territories. MRS. DOIG, Proprietress.

EDMONTON HOTEL the pioneer house of entertainment west of Portage la Prairie. An extensive addition has been made to this establishment which now offers superior accommodation to my old patrons and the travelling public. A first-class billiard room Good stabling attached. DONALD ROSS Proprietor.

ALBERTA HOTEL.—North side Main street, Edmonton, Alberta, N. W. T. This well known establishment continues to furnish first class accommodation to travellers and the public generally. The cuisine is under the management of Mr. F. Pagerie, whose skill in his department is well known in Manitoba and the North-West. Good stabling and livery attached. Every attention paid to the requirements of guests. L. KELLY, Proprietor.

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LIVERY, FEED, and SALE STABLES. Potatoes, Oats, and all kinds of Feed kept constantly on hand for sale. McCauley & Irrotson, Main Street, Edmonton.